SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATIONONCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REGARDINGOFF-BALANCE-SHEET TRANSACTIONS
(1) DERIVATIVES AND FORWARD FOREIGN EXCHANGE

|  | 100 millions of yen |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Notional Amount |  | Credit Equivalent Amount |  |
|  | March 31, 1999 | March 31, 1998 | March 31, 1999 | March 31, 1998 |
| Interest Rate Swaps | ¥ 853,893 | $¥ 881,440$ | ¥12,836 | $¥ 11,059$ |
| Currency Swaps | 21,143 | 21,430 | 1,960 | 2,508 |
| Forward Foreign Exchange | 282,416 | 549,220 | 9,802 | 25,325 |
| Interest Rate Options | 66,358 | 73,161 | 707 | 324 |
| Currency Options | 10,339 | 14,760 | 345 | 614 |
| Other Derivatives | 125,931 | 120,065 | 144 | 108 |
| Close-Out Netting* | - | - | $(15,516)$ | $(22,516)$ |
| Total | ¥1,360,083 | $¥ 1,660,079$ | ¥10,280 | $¥ 17,425$ |

* Close-Out Netting is an agreement in which all claims and debts are settled in one agreement by netting out when a certain event such as bankruptcy and reorganization procedures befalls either party concerned.
Notes: 1. The above figures are based on the risk-based capital guidelines formulated by the Basle Committee on Banking Supervision and pertain to the consolidated accounts. Transactions excluded from the risk-based ratio calculations are exchange rate contracts with an original maturity of 14 days or less, standardized contracts executed on exchange and options sold, which are as follows:

|  | 100 millions of yen |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Notional Amount |  |
| Forward Foreign Exchange | $¥ \mathbf{3 4 , 1 9 9 9}$ | March 31, 1998 |
| Interest Rate Options (Sold) | $\mathbf{1 0 1 , 2 1 1}$ | $¥ 77,513$ |
| Interest Rate Options (Bought) | $\mathbf{2 7 , 3 7 4}$ | 44,209 |
| Currency Options (Sold) | $\mathbf{1 2 , 6 9 2}$ | 16,514 |
| Currency Options (Bought) | $\mathbf{3 6 5}$ | 418 |
| Other Derivatives* | $\mathbf{3 1 7 , 3 7 4}$ | 156,045 |
| Total | $\mathbf{¥ 4 9 3 , 1 6 1}$ | $¥ 308,738$ |

* Other Derivatives are mainly interest rate futures.

2. The notional amount represents the principal amount of the off-balance-sheet transactions used nominally or for calculation purposes. For example, in the case of an interest rate swap, it is interest amounts that are actually exchanged while the principal is used only for calculation of the amount. As a result, the notional principal amount does not represent the risk itself.
3. The credit equivalent amount is calculated through the current exposure method. Under this method, the credit equivalent amount is calculated as the sum of the replacement cost and the potential exposure of a contract. The replacement cost equals the cost incurred when concluding a contract with a third party of a comparable cash flow in the event that the other party is unable to fulfill the contract and represents the latent profit at market value. Potential exposure indicates the latent risk arising from increased credit exposure due to the change in the price of the original asset during the term of the contract.

## CREDIT-RELATED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

|  | 100 millions of yen |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Contract Amount |  | Credit Equivalent Amount |  |
|  | March 31, 1999 | March 31, 1998 | March 31, 1999 | March 31, 1998 |
| Commitments | $¥ 117,581$ | $¥ 120,179$ | ¥ 9,064 | $¥ 12,571$ |
| Guarantees | 22,259 | 22,906 | 18,804 | 18,609 |
| Other | 4,807 | 10,111 | 4,807 | 10,110 |
| Total | ¥144,649 | $¥ 153,198$ | ¥32,676 | ¥41,290 |

